



減碳藍圖

古都土城仔綠電創能與智動養殖
之跨界整合永續淨零發展計畫

水位感測器

NB-IoT與MQTT連線



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減碳靈感

材料



ESP32

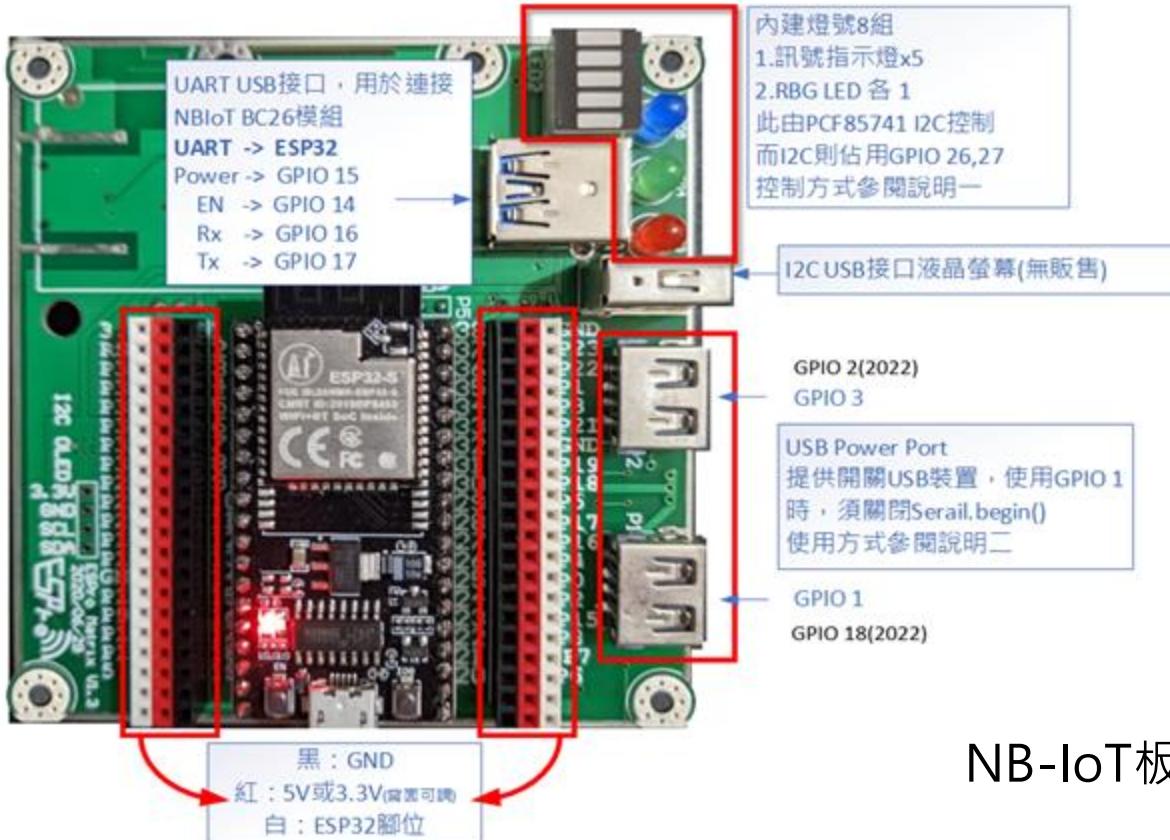


數據傳輸線 (MicroUSB)



水位感測器模組

材料



NB-IoT板

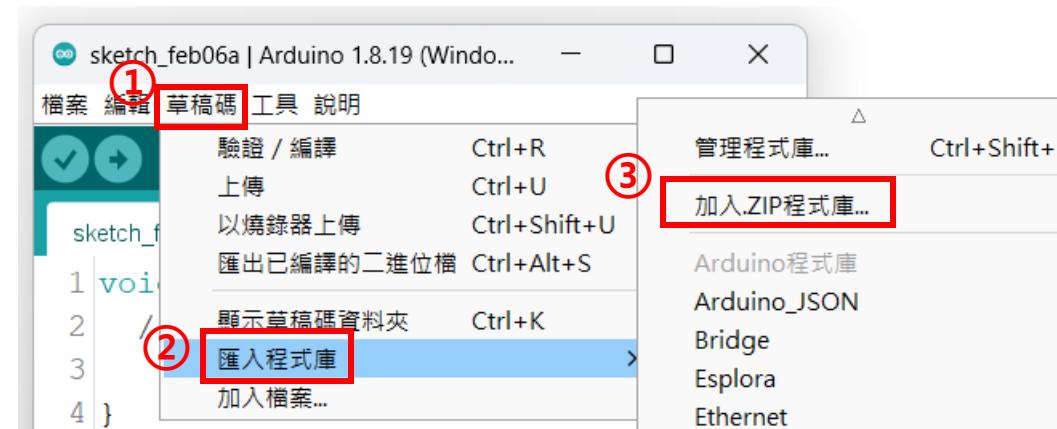
注意事項:
移除更換sim卡，請務必關閉電源，否則會短路冒煙損毀

匯入程式庫

➤ 先下載MatrixInt程式庫

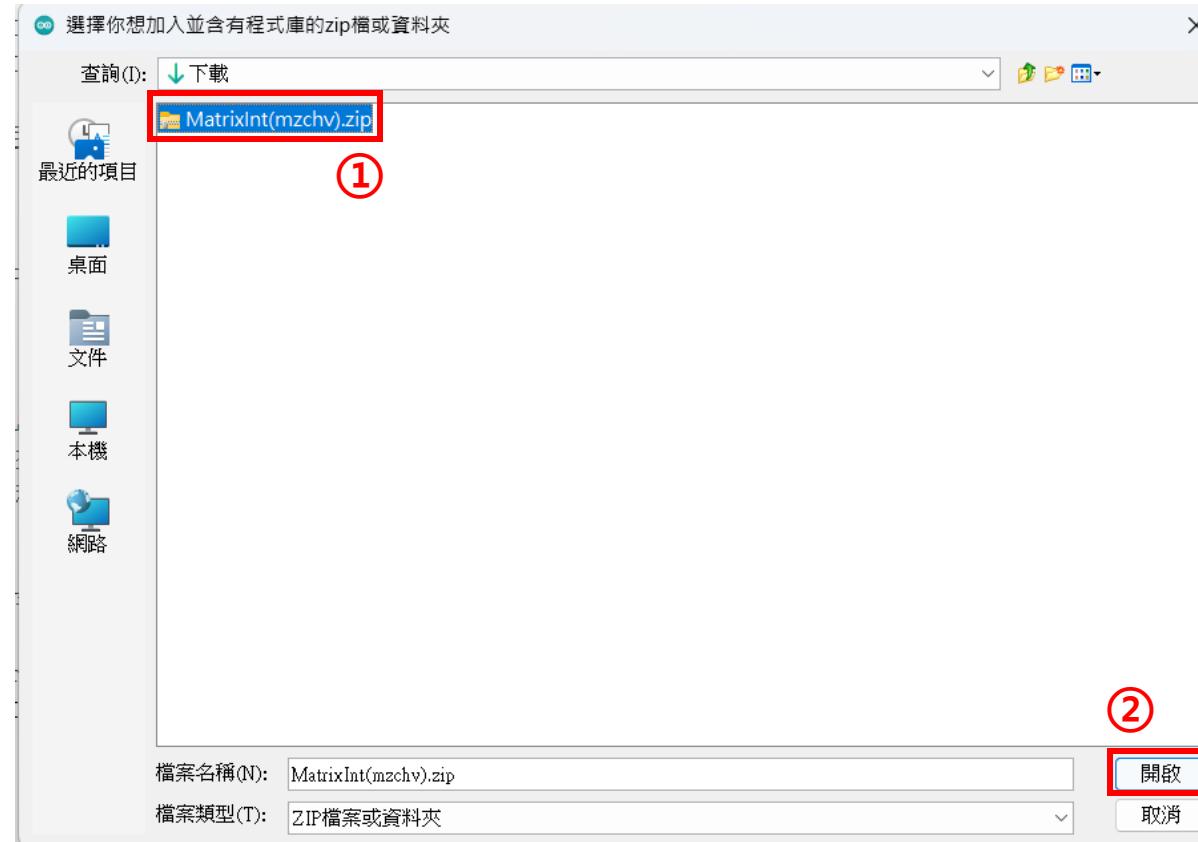
下載連結：[MatrixInt\(mzchv\).zip - Google 雲端硬碟](#)

➤ 下載後進行安裝，到Arduino IDE的草稿碼/匯入程式庫/加入ZIP程式庫



匯入程式庫

➤ 找到剛剛下載的檔案，選擇開啟，即完成安裝步驟



程式撰寫步驟(1/10)



- 開啟記事本
「範例程式 水位感測器 NB-IoT.txt 」
- 複製內容並貼上Arduino IDE視窗中



減碳綠能

程式撰寫步驟(2/10)

```
#include <WiFi.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include "MatrixInt.h" //請先安裝

long WNB303Timeout = 10000; //返回0=Timeout
int water_sensor=36; // 水位感測器 S 信號腳 連接到ESP32的 GPIO36
//使用小霸王Matrix板
int WNB303ResetPIN = 14; // 設定 WNB303 重置腳位為輸出腳位
int WNB303PowerPIN = 15; // 設定 WNB303 電源控制腳位為輸出腳位
int a;
```

程式撰寫步驟(3/10)

➤ 更改MQTTPubTopic，避免與他人重複

```
// ----- 以下修改成你MQTT設定 -----
String MQTTServer = "mqttgo.io";//免註冊MQTT伺服器
String MQTTPort = "1883";//MQTT Port
String MQTTUser = "";//不須帳密
String MQTTPassword = " ";//不須帳密 更改路徑，例如：TEST/class402/WaterLevel
String MQTTPubTopic = 'YourTopic/class402/WaterLevel';//推播主題:推播土壤濕度
long MQTTLastPublishTime = 0;//此變數用來記錄推播時間
long MQTTPublishInterval = 5000;//每5秒推撥一次
```

程式撰寫步驟(4/10)

```

void setup() {
    Serial.begin(115200); // 設定序列埠監控視窗的鮑率
    Serial2.begin(115200); // 設定 WNB303 的鮑率
    Wire.begin(26, 27); // Matrix I2C
    for (int i = 0; i <= 7; ++i) MatrixInt(i, 0); // 關閉所有燈號
    pinMode(water_sensor, INPUT); // 設置 water_sensor 對應的腳 GPIO36 為輸入
    pinMode(WNB303ResetPIN, OUTPUT); // 設定 WNB303 電源控制腳位為輸出腳位
    pinMode(WNB303PowerPIN, OUTPUT); // 設定 WNB303 重置腳位為輸出腳位
    delay(1000);

    Serial.println("\r\n\r\n=====\\r\\nSystem Starting....");
    String result = "";
    // 開啟 Modem 的電源，開啟關閉之間須間隔10秒(延時電路)
    WNB303Restart(10);
    // 檢查網路註冊狀態，5分鐘內無法註冊，則重新啟動WNB303
    int tryCount = 0;
    while (1) {
        boolean resultb = WNB303CheckReg();
        Serial.print("WNB303CheckNetReg result="); Serial.println(resultb);
        if (resultb == false) {
            Serial.println("時間內無法註冊網路(" + String(tryCount) + ")");
            delay(10000);
        }
        else break;
        if (tryCount++ >= 30) { // 無法註冊已經超過5分鐘
            tryCount = 0;
            WNB303Restart(30);
        }
    }
    // 檢查網路訊號品質
    result = WNB303CheckRSSI();
    Serial.print("WNB303CheckRSSI result="); Serial.println(result);
    delay(10000);
}

```

程式撰寫步驟(5/10)

```
void loop() {
```

```
    //檢查時間，傳輸步驟：檢查網路、讀取距離、MQTT連線、推播、關閉
    if ((millis() - MQTTLastPublishTime) >= MQTTPublishInterval ) {
        MatrixInt(7, 1);
        //沒有網路，則重新啟動WNB303
        String result = "";
        //檢查網路狀態
        if (!(WNB303CheckReg())){
            WNB303Restart(60); //60秒後重新檢測網路
            return;
        }else result = WNB303CheckRSSI();

        //連線mqtt
        result = mqttConnect(MQTTServer, MQTTPort, MQTTUser, MQTTPassword);
        if (result == "OK") Serial.println("MQTT Connected");
```

程式撰寫步驟(6/10)

```

int val= analogRead(soil_sensor); //土壤濕度值給val
a=map(val,0,4095,0,100);      //將val轉換成百分比顯示5
    Serial.print("水位狀態 : ");
    Serial.print(val);
    Serial.println(" val");
    Serial.print("水位百分比 : ");
    Serial.print(a);
    Serial.println(" %");
    String payload = String((int)a);
    //推播訊息
    result = mqttPublish(MQTTPubTopic, "0", "0", "0", payload);
    if (result == "OK") Serial.println("Data:\\" + payload + "\\ Published to " + MQTTPubTopic);
    //關閉mqtt
    result = mqttDisconnect();
    if (result == "OK") Serial.println("MQTT Disconnected");
    MQTTLastPublishTime = millis(); //更新最後傳輸時間
    MatrixInt(7, 0);
}
delay(1000);
}

```

程式撰寫步驟(7/10)

```

//連線mqtt
String mqttConnect(String Host, String Port, String MQTTUser, String MQTTPassword) {
    //1.取得IP
    String result = "";
    String IP = AT2WNB303("AT+EDNS=\\" + Host + "\", "+EDNS:");
    IP.trim(); IP = split( IP, ':', 1);
    if (IP.length() <= 7) return "Error: Can't Get IP";
    //2.建立連線
    result = AT2WNB303("AT+EMQNEW=\\" + IP + "\",\\" + Port + "\\" + "," + 60000 + "," + 1024, "+EMQNEW:");
    String mqttid = split( result, ':', 1);
    //Serial.print("MQTTCreate result="); Serial.println(mqttid);
    //以亂數為ClientID
    String MQTTClientid = "NBiot-" + String(random(1000000, 9999999));
    result = AT2WNB303("AT+EMQCON=" + mqttid + ",3,\\" + MQTTClientid + "\\" + "," + 60000 + ",0,0,\\" +
    MQTTUser + "\",\\" + MQTTPassword + "\", \"OK\"");
    //Serial.print("MQTTConnect result="); Serial.println(result);
    return result;
}

//推播訊息
String mqttPublish(String Topic, String QoS, String retained, String dup , String Payload) {
    String result = "";
    String hexPayload = Str2Hex(Payload);
    String lenHexPayload = String(hexPayload.length());
    result = AT2WNB303("AT+EMQPUB=0," + Topic + "," + QoS + "," + retained + "," + dup + "," + lenHexPayload + ","
    + hexPayload, "OK");
    return result;
}

```

```

//關閉mqtt連線
String mqttDisconnect() {
    String result = "";
    result = AT2WNB303("AT+EMQDISCON=0", "OK");
    return result;
}

//檢查網路註冊狀態 return true or false
boolean WNB303CheckReg() {
    String result = "";
    boolean CEREG = false;
    result = AT2WNB303("AT+CEREG?", "+CEREG:");
    if (result.indexOf("0,1") >= 0 || result.indexOf("1,1") >= 0) { //註冊成功
        MatrixInt(5, 0);//亮紅燈
        MatrixInt(6, 1);//亮綠燈
        CEREG = true;
    } else {
        MatrixInt(5, 1);//亮紅燈
        MatrixInt(6, 0);//亮綠燈
        CEREG = false;
    }
    return CEREG;
}

```

程式撰寫步驟(8/10)

```
//檢查網路訊號品質 return RSSI，當RSSI=0或99代表沒訊號
int WNB303CheckRSSI() {
    String result = "";
    int RSSI = 0;
    result = AT2WNB303("AT+CESQ", "+CESQ:");
    //處理+CESQ:
    if (!(result == "-1")) {
        int CESQ = split(split(result, ':', 1), ',', 0).toInt();
        RSSI = CESQ - 111;
    }
    if (RSSI == -111 || RSSI == 210) RSSI = 0;
    MatrixLEDrss(RSSI);
    return RSSI;
}
```

```
//重新啟動WNB303(單位為秒)
void WNB303Restart(int delayTime) {
    AT2WNB303("POEROFF", "");
    delay(5000);
    AT2WNB303("POWERON", "");
    delay(delayTime * 1000);
}
```

```
//HTTP GET
String HTTPGET(String Protocol, String Host, String port, String Url) {
    //例如 http://x.x.x.x/update?api_key=xxxxxx&field1=60
    //拆解成Protocol="http" host="x.x.x.x" port="80" Url="/update?api_key=CxxxxxxJ&field1=60"
    //1.轉換網址IP
    String result = "";
    String IP = AT2WNB303("AT+EDNS=\\" + Host + "\\", "+EDNS:");
    IP.trim(); IP = split(IP, ':', 1);
    if (IP.length() <= 7) return "Error: Can't Get IP";
    //2.建立連線
    String PIP = Protocol + ":" + IP + ":" + port + "/";
    int PIPlen = PIP.length();
    //Serial.println("PIP=" + PIP + ",len=" + String(PIPlen));
    result = AT2WNB303("AT+EHTPPCREATE=0," + String(PIPlen) + "," + String(PIPlen) + "\\" + PIP + "\",
    "+EHTPPCREATE");
    result.trim(); String clientid = split(result, ':', 1);
    if (result == "") return "Error: Can't Create Connection";
    else {
        //3.開啟連線
        result = AT2WNB303("AT+EHTPPCON=" + clientid, "OK");
        result.trim();
        if (!(result == "OK")) result = "Error: Can't Connect to Server";
        //4.組成網址並傳送
        int LenUrl = Url.length();
        Url = clientid + ",0," + String(LenUrl) + "," + Url + ",0,,0,,0,";
        Url = "0," + String(Url.length()) + "," + String(Url.length()) + "," + Url;
        result = AT2WNB303("AT+EHTTPSEND=" + Url, "OK");
        if (!(result == "OK")) result = "Error: Can't Send to Server";
    }
    delay(1000);
}
```

程式撰寫步驟(9/10)

```

//關閉連線
AT2WNB303("AT+EHTTPDISCON=" + clientid, "OK");
//Serial.println(result);
delay(1000);
AT2WNB303("AT+EHTTPDESTROY=" + clientid, "OK");
//Serial.println(result);
delay(1000);
return result;
}

//HTTP POST
String HTTPPOST(String Protocol, String Host, String port, String Url , String contType , String Data) {
    //1.轉換網址IP
    String result = "";
    String IP = AT2WNB303("AT+EDNS=\\" + Host + "\\", "+EDNS.");
    IP.trim(); IP = split(IP, ':', 1);
    if (IP.length() <= 7) return "Error: Can't Get IP";
    //2.建立連線
    String PIP = Protocol + "/" + IP + ":" + port + "/";
    int PIPlen = PIP.length();
    //Serial.println("PIP=" + PIP + ",len=" + String(PIPlen));
    result = AT2WNB303("AT+EHTTPCREATE=0," + String(PIPlen) + "," + String(PIPlen) + "\\" + PIP + "\\", "+EHTTPCREAT");
    result.trim(); String clientid = split(result, ':', 1);
    if (result == "") return "Error: Can't Create Connection";
    else{
        //3.開啟連線
        result = AT2WNB303("AT+EHTTPCON=" + clientid, "OK");
        result.trim();
        if (!result == "OK") result = "Error: Can't Connect to Server";
        //4.組成網址並傳送
        int i = 0;
        String PostCommand[10];
        PostCommand[i++] = clientid + ",1," + Url.length() + "," + Url + ",0,, " + contType.length() + "," + contType + ",";
        //Serial.println("command1=" + PostCommand[i - 1]);
        String hexData = Str2Hex(Data);
        int lenHexData = hexData.length();
        PostCommand[i++] = String(lenHexData) + ",";
        //Serial.println("command2=" + PostCommand[i - 1]);
        int num = 30;
        for (int n = 0; n < lenHexData; n = n + num) {
            String DataSend = "";
            if (n + num < lenHexData) {
                //切割字串
                DataSend = hexData.substring(n, n + num);
            }
            else if (lenHexData % num > 0) {
                int remainder = lenHexData % num;
                //切割字串
                DataSend = hexData.substring(n, n + remainder);
            }
            PostCommand[i++] = DataSend;
            //Serial.println("command2=" + PostCommand[i - 1]);
        }
        //求出每條命令長度
        int totalLenHexData = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j <= i - 1; j++) {
            totalLenHexData = totalLenHexData + PostCommand[j].length();
            PostCommand[j] = String(PostCommand[j].length()) + "," + PostCommand[j];
        }
        //完成命令組合
        for (int j = 0; j <= i - 1; j++) {
            if (j == 1) PostCommand[j] = "AT+EHTTPSEND=1," + String(totalLenHexData) + "," + PostCommand[j];
            else if (j == i - 1) PostCommand[j] = "AT+EHTTPSEND=0," + String(totalLenHexData) + "," + PostCommand[j];
            else PostCommand[j] = "AT+EHTTPSEND=1," + String(totalLenHexData) + "," + PostCommand[j];
            result = AT2WNB303(PostCommand[j], "OK");
            //Serial.println("POST" + String(j) + ":" + result);
        }
    }
    delay(1000);
    //關閉連線
    AT2WNB303("AT+EHTTPDISCON=" + clientid, "OK");
    //Serial.println(result);
    delay(1000);
    AT2WNB303("AT+EHTTPDESTROY=" + clientid, "OK");
    //Serial.println(result);
    delay(1000);
    return result;
}

```

程式撰寫步驟(10/10)

```

//將訊息傳到WNB303，並讀取回傳訊息 0代表timeout
String AT2WNB303(String ATdata, String StartWith) {
    Serial.println("你的命令是:" + ATdata);
    if (ATdata.length() > 0) { //送出AT命令
        ATdata.trim();
        String command = ATdata;
        command.toUpperCase();
    }

    if (command == "RESET") { //重置 WNB303
        digitalWrite(WNB303ResetPIN, HIGH);
        delay(10000);
        digitalWrite(WNB303ResetPIN, LOW);
        return "RESET OK";
    }
    else if (command == "POWERON") { //開啟 WNB303 的電源
        digitalWrite(WNB303PowerPIN, HIGH);
        return "POWERON OK";
    }
    else if (command == "POWEROFF") { //關閉 WNB303 的電源
        digitalWrite(WNB303PowerPIN, LOW);
        return "POWEROFF OK";
    }
    else { //送出AT命令
        Serial2.println(ATdata);
    }
}
else return "";
String result = "";
//等候回應資料
long startTime = millis();
while (1){
    result = "";
    while (Serial2.available()) { //WNB303有資料回傳
        char c = Serial2.read(); //從WNB303讀取一個位元組
        result += c;           //將讀到的字元 c 加進字串 Xfer
        if (c == '\n') break;
    }
}

```

```

result.trim();
if (result.startsWith(StartWith)) break; //結尾OK返回
if ((millis() - startTime) >= WNB303Timeout) { //Time out返回
    result = "0";
    break;
}
return result;
}

//字串轉HEX
String Str2Hex(String msg) {
    String a = "";
    for (int i = 0; i < msg.length(); i++) {
        a = a + String(msg.charAt(i), HEX);
    }
    return a;
}

//HEX轉字串
String Hex2Str(String msg) {
    char input[msg.length() + 1];
    msg.toCharArray(input, msg.length() + 1);
    char c[sizeof(input)];
    String a = "";
    for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(input) - 1; i += 2) {
        char temp[3];
        temp[0] = input[i];
        temp[1] = input[i + 1];
        int val = ASCIIHexToInt(temp[0]) * 16 + ASCIIHexToInt(temp[1]);
        c[i] = toascii(val);
        a = a + String(c[i]);
    }
    return a;
}

//ASC轉INT
int ASCIIHexToInt(char c) {
    int ret = 0;
    if ((c >= '0') && (c <= '9')) ret = (ret << 4) + c - '0';
    else ret = (ret << 4) + toupper(c) - 'A' + 10;
    return ret;
}

//split拆解，範例：String a1=split( "aa,bb,cc" , ',' , 0);
String split(String data, char separator, int index) {
    int found = 0;
    int strIndex[] = { 0, -1 };
    int maxIndex = data.length() - 1;
    for (int i = 0; i <= maxIndex && found <= index; i++) {
        if (data.charAt(i) == separator || i == maxIndex) {
            found++;
            strIndex[0] = strIndex[1] + 1;
            strIndex[1] = (i == maxIndex) ? i + 1 : i;
        }
    }
    return found > index ? data.substring(strIndex[0], strIndex[1]) : "";
}

```

寫入程式步驟

➤ 1.確定工具欄位下的選項有正確選擇

➤ 2.確認後點擊上傳

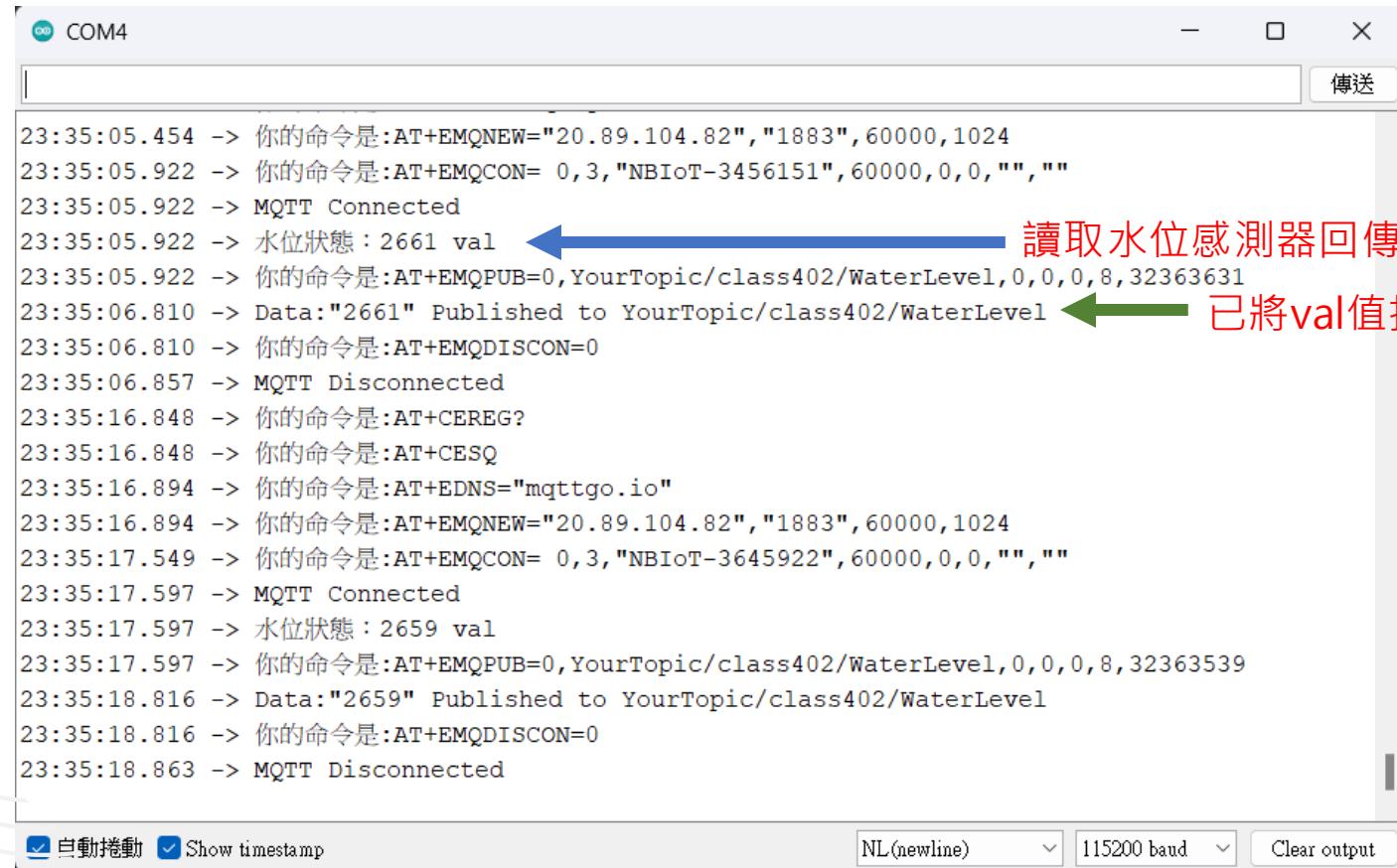


➤ 3.等待底下出現此字串即成功

```
Leaving...
Hard resetting via RTS pin...
```

查看資訊

➤ 開啟右上角序列埠監控視窗即可查看水位資訊



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "COM4". The text area displays the following log entries:

```

23:35:05.454 -> 你的命令是:AT+EMQNEW="20.89.104.82","1883",60000,1024
23:35:05.922 -> 你的命令是:AT+EMQCON= 0,3,"NB IoT-3456151",60000,0,0,"","",""
23:35:05.922 -> MQTT Connected
23:35:05.922 -> 水位狀態 : 2661 val ← 讀取水位感測器回傳的val值
23:35:05.922 -> 你的命令是:AT+EMQPUB=0,YourTopic/class402/WaterLevel,0,0,0,8,32363631
23:35:06.810 -> Data:"2661" Published to YourTopic/class402/WaterLevel ← 已將val值推播至MQTT
23:35:06.810 -> 你的命令是:AT+EMQDISCON=0
23:35:06.857 -> MQTT Disconnected
23:35:16.848 -> 你的命令是:AT+CEREG?
23:35:16.848 -> 你的命令是:AT+CESQ
23:35:16.894 -> 你的命令是:AT+EDNS="mqttgo.io"
23:35:16.894 -> 你的命令是:AT+EMQNEW="20.89.104.82","1883",60000,1024
23:35:17.549 -> 你的命令是:AT+EMQCON= 0,3,"NB IoT-3645922",60000,0,0,"","",""
23:35:17.597 -> MQTT Connected
23:35:17.597 -> 水位狀態 : 2659 val
23:35:17.597 -> 你的命令是:AT+EMQPUB=0,YourTopic/class402/WaterLevel,0,0,0,8,32363539
23:35:18.816 -> Data:"2659" Published to YourTopic/class402/WaterLevel
23:35:18.816 -> 你的命令是:AT+EMQDISCON=0
23:35:18.863 -> MQTT Disconnected

```

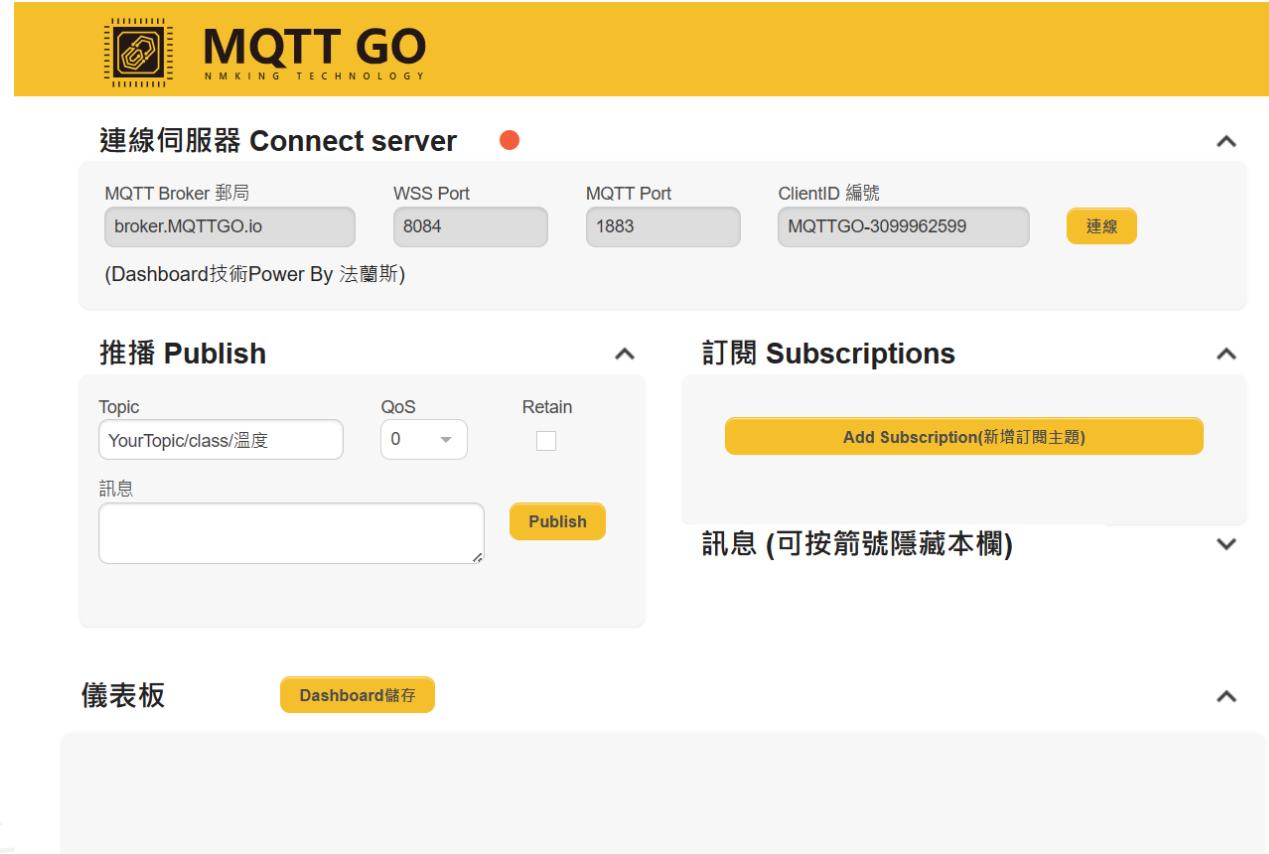
Annotations in red text highlight specific lines:

- "讀取水位感測器回傳的val值" (Read water level sensor transmitted val value) points to the line "水位狀態 : 2661 val".
- "已將val值推播至MQTT" (Published val value to MQTT) points to the line "Data:"2661" Published to YourTopic/class402/WaterLevel".

At the bottom of the terminal window, there are checkboxes for "自動捲動" (Auto scroll), "Show timestamp", and "NL(newline)", along with dropdown menus for "115200 baud" and "Clear output".

MQTT查看資訊

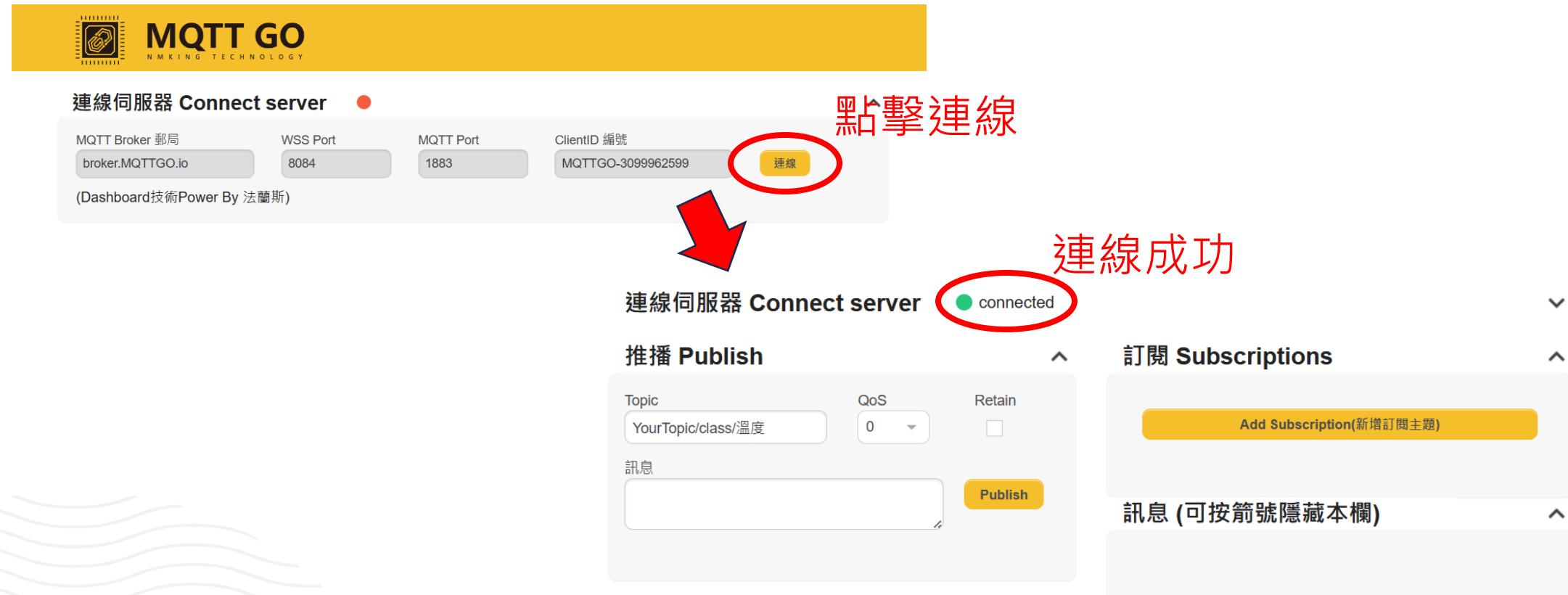
➤ 於瀏覽器開啟網站：<https://broker.mqttgo.io/>



The screenshot displays the MQTT GO web interface. At the top, there's a yellow header bar with the 'MQTT GO' logo and 'N MKING TECHNOLOGY'. Below it, a 'Connect server' section shows the MQTT Broker as 'broker.MQTTGO.io', WSS Port as '8084', MQTT Port as '1883', and ClientID as 'MQTTGO-3099962599'. A yellow '連線' (Connect) button is visible. The main area has two expandable sections: 'Publish' and 'Subscriptions'. The 'Publish' section allows users to enter a Topic (e.g., 'YourTopic/class/溫度'), set QoS (0), and choose Retain. It includes a text input field for the message and a yellow 'Publish' button. The 'Subscriptions' section contains a yellow 'Add Subscription(新增訂閱主題)' button and a collapsed message list. At the bottom, there's a 'Dashboard' section with a 'Dashboard儲存' (Save Dashboard) button.

MQTT查看資訊

➤ 點擊連線，待燈號亮綠燈顯示connected即連線成功



The screenshot shows the MQTT GO dashboard interface. At the top, there's a yellow header bar with the title "MQTT GO" and the subtitle "NMKING TECHNOLOGY". Below the header, there's a "Connect server" section with fields for "MQTT Broker 郵局" (set to "broker.MQTTGO.io"), "WSS Port" (set to "8084"), "MQTT Port" (set to "1883"), and "ClientID 編號" (set to "MQTTGO-3099962599"). A red arrow points from the "MQTT Port" field down to the "連線" (Connect) button, which is highlighted with a red circle. To the right of this section, the text "點擊連線" (Click to connect) is written in red. A large red arrow points downwards from the "連線" button to the "Connect server" status area. In this area, the word "connected" is displayed next to a green circular icon, also highlighted with a red circle. To the right of this, the text "連線成功" (Connection successful) is written in red. Below the "Connect server" section, there are two main functional areas: "Publish" and "Subscriptions". The "Publish" area contains fields for "Topic" (set to "YourTopic/class/溫度"), "QoS" (set to "0"), and "Retain" (unchecked). It also has a "訊息" (Message) input field and a "Publish" button. The "Subscriptions" area has a "Add Subscription(新增訂閱主題)" button.

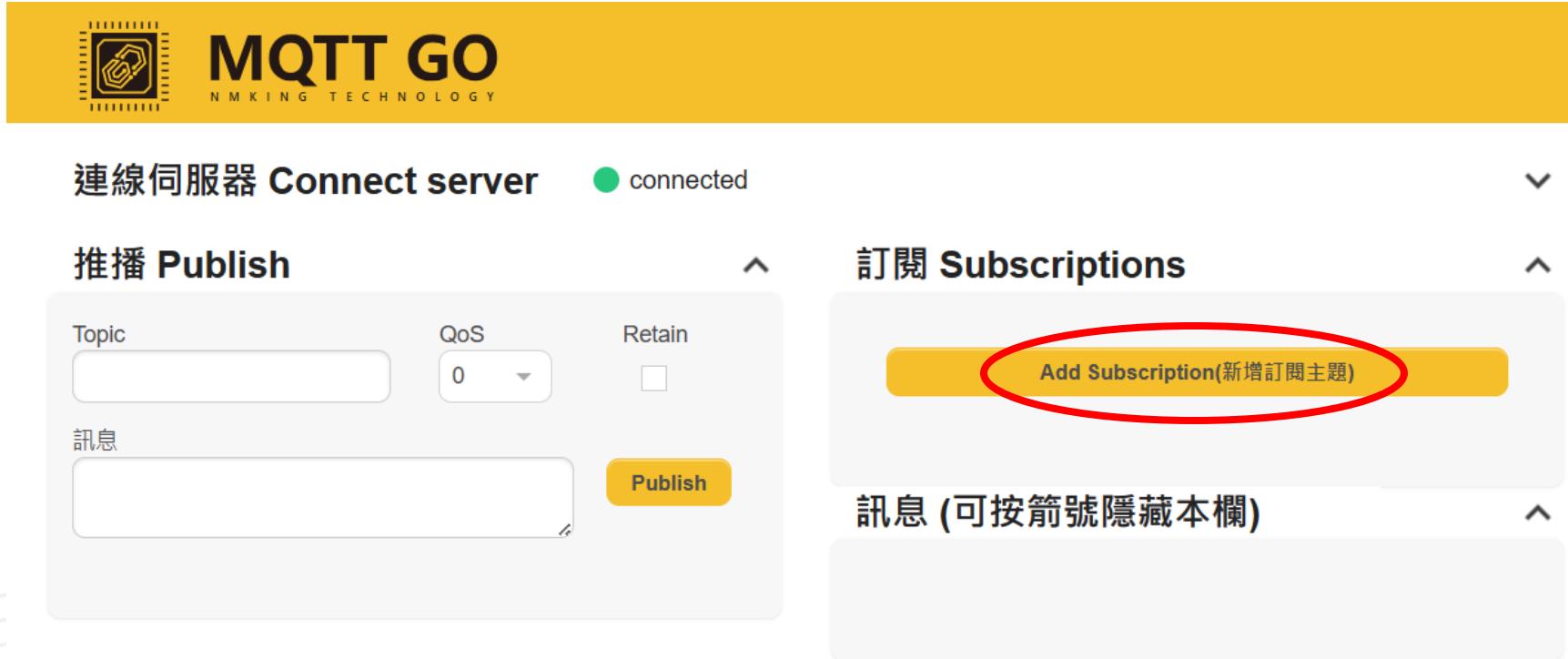
MQTT查看資訊

➤ 回到程式碼，將以下框中Topic文字複製下來

```
//推播主題1:推播土壤濕度          複製
char* MQTTPubTopic1 = "YourTopic/class402/WaterLevel";
long MQTTLastPublishTime;//此變數用來記錄推播時間
long MQTTPublishInterval = 1000;//每1秒推撥一次
WiFiClient WiFiClient;
PubSubClient MQTTClient(WIFIClient);
```

MQTT查看資訊

➤ 回到MQTT GO，點選新增訂閱主題



The screenshot shows the MQTT GO interface. At the top, there's a yellow header bar with the logo and text "MQTT GO N M K I N G T E C H N O L O G Y". Below the header, the status "connected" is shown with a green dot. The interface is divided into two main sections: "推播 Publish" on the left and "訂閱 Subscriptions" on the right.

Push Publish section:

- Topic input field
- QoS dropdown set to 0
- Retain checkbox
- Message input field
- Publish button

Subscription Subscriptions section:

- Add Subscription (新增訂閱主題) button, which is highlighted with a red oval.
- Message (可按箭號隱藏本欄) input field

MQTT查看資訊

➤ 將剛剛複製的路徑貼到Topic，按步驟修改完成後點擊Subscribe



MQTT查看資訊

➤ 訊息欄可看到接收到的資訊

訂閱 Subscriptions

Add Subscription(新增訂閱主題)

Qos: 2

YourTopic/class402/WaterLevel X

訊息 (可按箭號隱藏本欄)

2024-04-07 Topic: YourTopic/class40... Qos: 0

12:30:11

59

2024-04-07 Topic: YourTopic/class40... Qos: 0

12:30:08

59

2024-04-07 Topic: YourTopic/class40... Qos: 0

12:30:05

59

2024-04-07 Topic: YourTopic/class40... Qos: 0

12:30:02

59



減碳綠能

MQTT查看資訊

➤ 在下方儀表板也可清楚以圖示的方式得知資訊





減碳藍領

古都土城仔綠電創能與智動養殖
之跨界整合永續淨零發展計畫

感謝聆聽
給予指導

